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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/694,522	10/27/2003	Nobuaki Kamiyama	9319G-000583	1893
27572	7590 12/28/2005		EXAMINER	
HARNESS,	DICKEY & PIERCE,	P.L.C.	PHAM, HAI CHI	
P.O. BOX 828 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2861	

DATE MAILED: 12/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	· ·			
Office A. C	10/694,522	KAMIYAMA ET AL.	oo.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Hai C. Pham	2861				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	;			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.11 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timused will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communi D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 O	ctober 2005.					
·— · · <u> </u>	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the mer	its is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	ır.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stag	je			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:)			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Takizawa et al. (U.S. 6,357,849).

Takizawa et al. discloses an ink jet recording apparatus including a detection device for detecting a droplet discharged from a discharge nozzle (nozzles 720) provided in a discharge head (ink jet print head 701), comprising a light emitter (light emitter 707) for emitting a detection light, a receiver (light receiver 708) for receiving said detection light, and a moving device (print head shifting means 702 through 704) for moving said discharge head in a direction to intersect the optical path of said detection light, said moving device moving said discharge head in said direction of movement, said discharge nozzle discharging said droplets at a predetermined time interval (Figs. 3 and 22). Takizawa et al. further teaches that the light flux (730) is inclined to the nozzle alignment at an angle θ , which can extend from 0° to 180° , including a position where the light flux is orthogonal to the nozzle alignment, e.g., θ =90° (col. 17, lines 15-36), and wherein the required conditions for the ink droplets to be detected by the laser beam without any pair of ink droplets ejected from adjoining nozzles to pass through the light flux simultaneously, are given by the following expressions (1) and (2):

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(1) $\sin \theta \ge \text{La} / D$ or $D \sin \theta \ge \text{La}$

where La is the width or diameter of the laser beam, D is the pitch of the nozzles and (D sin θ) is the distance between the discharge nozzle and the laser beam in the direction of movement of the discharge head. It is noted that the distance between the discharge nozzle and the laser beam is equal to the pitch D of the nozzles when the inclination angle of the light flux becomes $\theta=90^{\circ}$ (as in the case disclosed by the current Specification, where the distance between the discharge nozzles in the direction of movement of the discharge head is equal to the pitch of the nozzles). In other words, the distance (D sin θ) is equal to or greater than the diameter of the laser beam La, which in turn is greater than the sum of half the diameter of the laser beam and half the diameter the ink droplet (Fig. 22 shows that six ink droplets are intercepted by the light beam and that half of the diameter of the laser beam is greater than half of the diameter of the ink droplet). More specifically, Takizawa et al. teaches the laser beam diameter La being set at 100 µm while the pitch D of the discharge nozzles is 140 µm, and since the diameter of the ink droplet is far less than 100 µm as shown in Fig. 22, the condition established by Takizawa et al. amply satisfies the first claimed relationship.

(2) $CRV/F \le La/cos \theta$

where CRV is a travel speed of the ink jet print head passing through the laser beam, F is a driving frequency of ejection of ink droplets, and (CRV / F) denotes the relative distance that said discharge head and said detection apparatus move from when a discharge nozzle discharges one droplet to when said discharge nozzle discharges the next droplet, and (La / $\cos \theta$) the diameter of the laser beam in the direction of movement of the print head.

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With regard to claim 6, Takizawa et al. discloses the ink jet recording apparatus comprising a discharge head with a plurality of discharge nozzles for discharging droplets arranged side by side in a predetermined direction (Fig. 17), and the detection device including the light emitter (707) and the light receiver (708) detecting whether said droplets are discharged from said discharge nozzles, and a control unit (system controller 54) for performing predetermined processing for said discharge head based on the detection result of said detection device.

Takizawa et al. further teaches:

- wherein in a case where the diameter of the beam of said detection light is greater than the diameter of a measurement region of said receiver, D is the diameter of said measurement region (La being the width of light flux 730),
- a control device (controller 54) for resetting at least one of the values of said D, d
 and H (col. 18, lines 13-23),
- wherein the number of said discharge nozzles can be optionally set (e.g., in one of the embodiment, the number of nozzles to be inspected being grouped to include three nozzles in every other nozzle array) (col. 16, lines 37-60),
- an ink jet recording apparatus including the droplet discharge apparatus.

The method claims 5 and 8 are deemed to be clearly anticipated by functions of the above structures.

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Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 10/14/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive (please refer to the rejection of claim 1 in paragraph 2 of this Office action for the detailed analysis of the applied prior art).

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hai C. Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-2260. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30AM - 5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David L. Talbott can be reached on (571) 272-1934. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

HAI PHAM
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Hairlistan

December 23, 2005